

# Lesson 1: The Geography of China

**Directions:** Choose the term from the box below that best completes each sentence. Not all of the terms will be used.

Asia	Guangxi Zhungzu	North China Plain
Beijing	Gulf of Tonkin	Tibetan Plateau
contrasts	Himalayas	the world
Europe	Huang River	yellow
Gobi	loess	Zhuang
4,300	Vietnamese	3,400

- China is the largest country in \_\_\_\_\_.
- Due to its great size, China is a land of \_\_\_\_\_.
- A large portion of China's food comes from the \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the country's capital and has been a center of culture and government since the 1200s.
- The Huang River is almost \_\_\_\_\_ miles long from start to finish.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ stretches across parts of Mongolia and China.
- Dissolved silt makes the \_\_\_\_\_ look yellow.
- The Guangxi Zhungzu is bordered on the south by the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Farming and fishing are very important to the people in the \_\_\_\_\_ region.
- The largest minority group in China is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ is known as the Roof of the World.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ actually are located in more than one country.



**Notes for Home:** Your child learned about the geography of China.

**Home Activity:** Ask your child to make a list of things he or she might take on a nature tour of China. Discuss why each item would be beneficial and where it might be used.