Use with Pages 92-95.

Lesson 3: Nubia and Egypt

1.

2.

3.

Directions: Write T (True) or F (False) on the line beside each statement. On the lines provided, rewrite each false statement to make it true. You may use your textbook.

Nubia was a kingdom to the south of Egypt.

Meroitic was the Nubian written language.

Just like hieroglyphics, Meroitic was translated using the Rosetta Stone.

- **4.** The Nubians worshipped only one god.
 - **5.** The Nubians invaded Egypt in search of resources.
- **6.** Egypt cut blocks of granite from Nubia's northern cliffs.
- **7.** Egypt built trading centers and forts in Nubia.
- **8.** Nubia expanded its borders into northern Egypt during the 1800s B.C.
 - **9.** Kush became free under the rule of the Hyksos.
 - **10.** After the 1400s B.C., Egypt became so weak that Kush won its independence.
- **11.** Meroë became a great trade center in A.D. 350.



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Notes for Home: Your child learned about the relationship between Nubia and Egypt. Home Activity: Quiz your child about Nubia and Egypt by reading key sentences from the book with important words left out. Ask your child to supply the missing words or ideas.

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